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## Ten Tips For Java Developers with Oracle WebLogic Server

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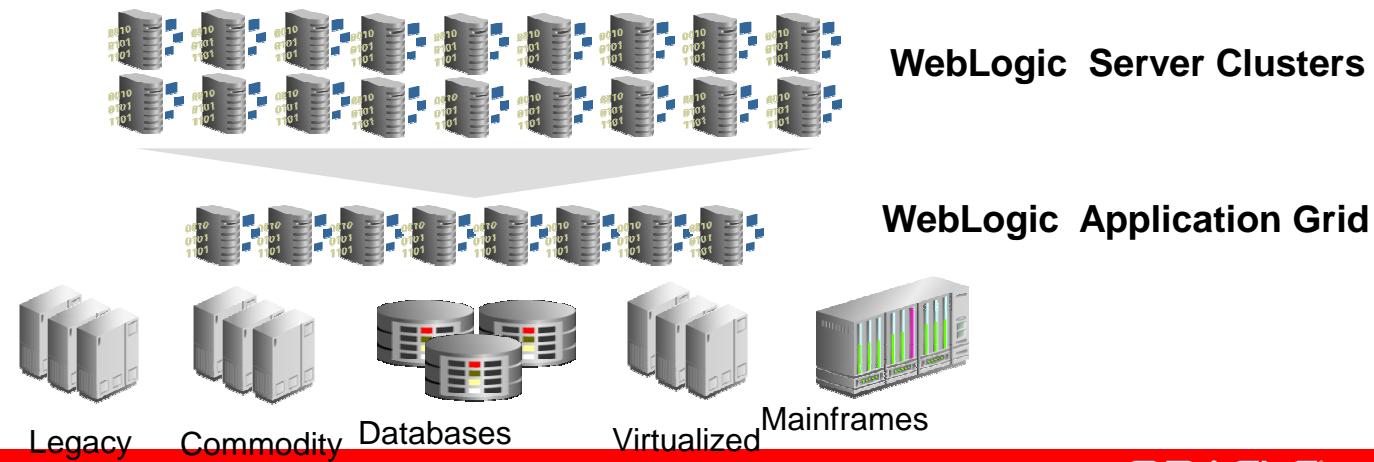
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# Oracle WebLogic Server

Converged Infrastructure for the Oracle Platform

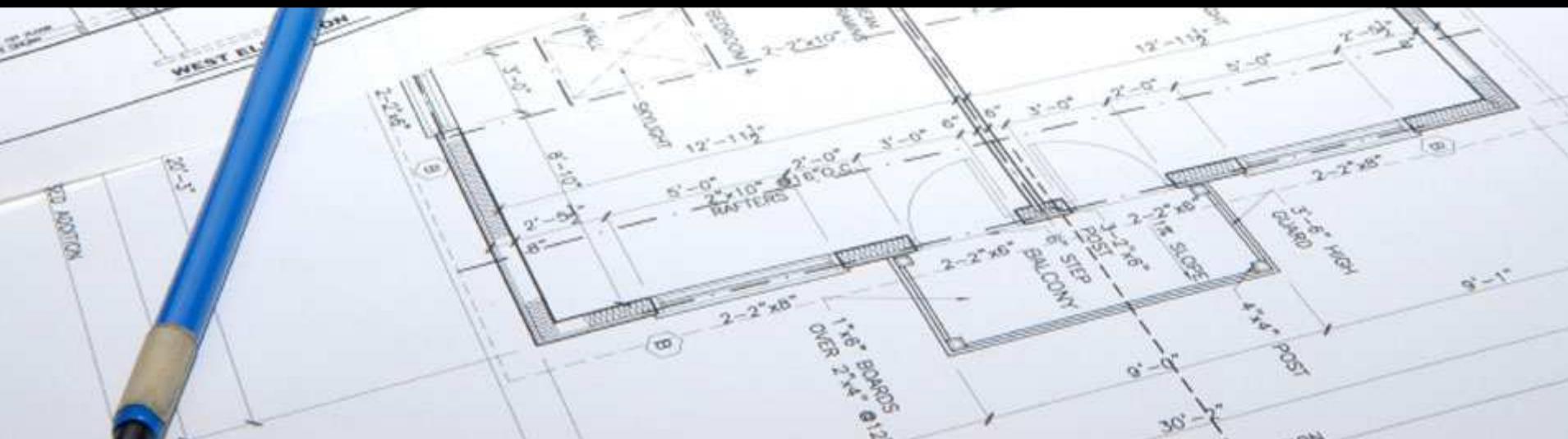
- The **Number #1** Java EE application server, designed for the most **Mission-Critical** of applications
- **Developer-friendly** – productive, standards-based development
- Focus on **quality of service** – performance, scalability, reliability, availability
- Built-in **manageability** – configuration, monitoring , diagnostics, maintenance

**WebLogic Differentiator:**  
the “ilities”





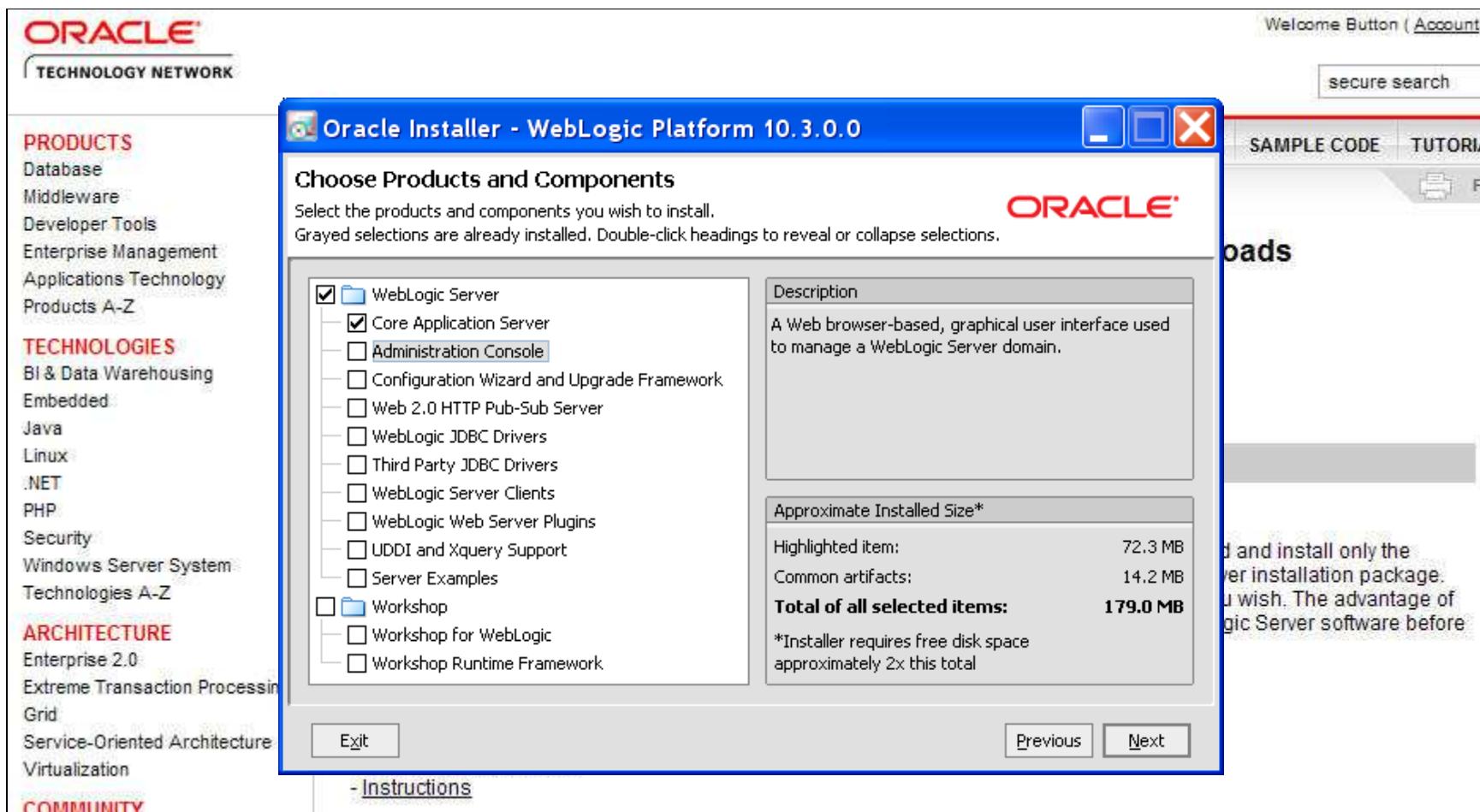
# #1 Utilize the Lightweight Server



# Lightweight Installation

- Install and configure a WebLogic Server 10.3 instance as quickly as possible
- Utilize network installer
  - Initial download is just 39 Mb
  - Select what you want to install
  - Downloads then installs components
- Minimum server installed < 179 Mb
  - Using pre-installed JDK < 151 Mb
- Core Server Installer For ISVs < 250 Mb

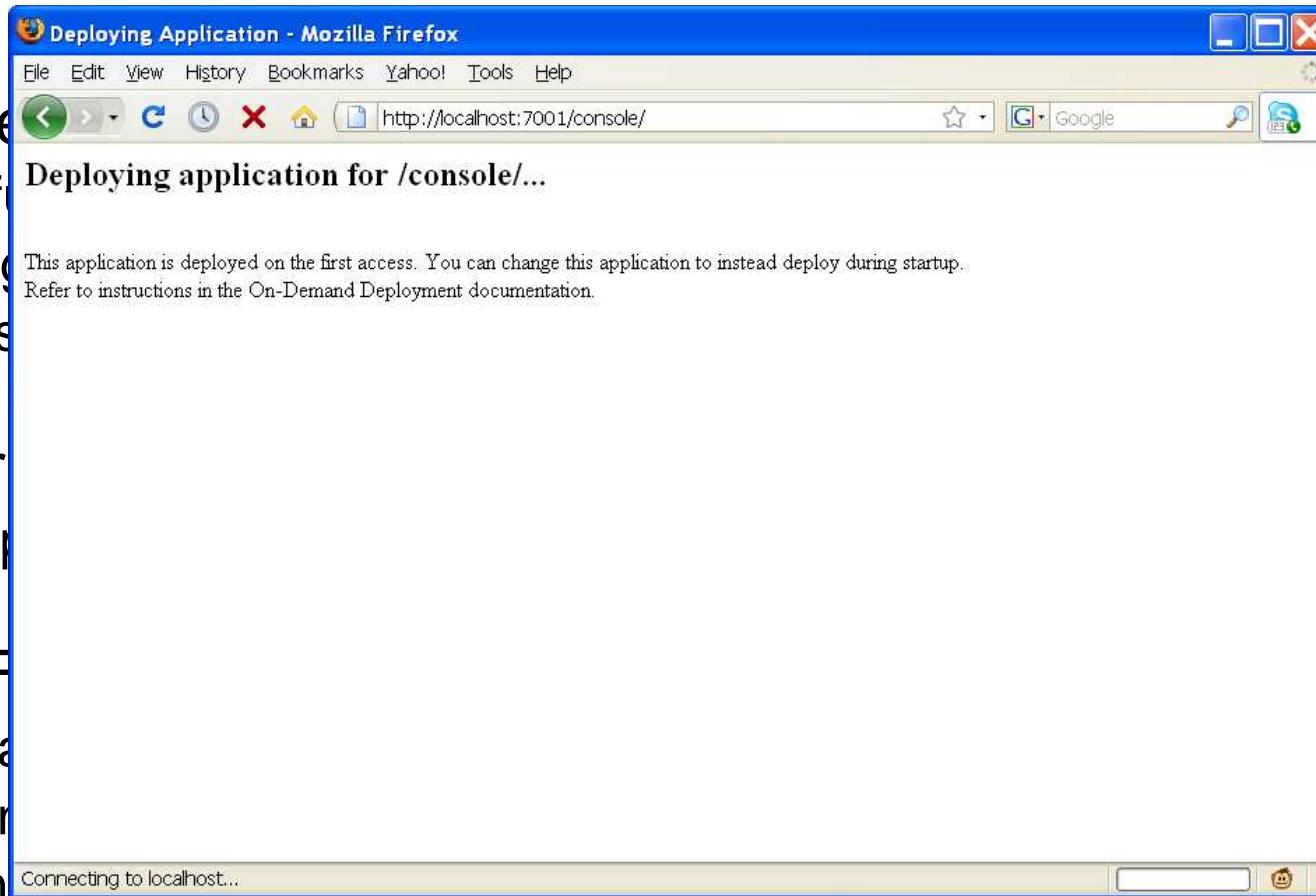
# Lightweight Installation



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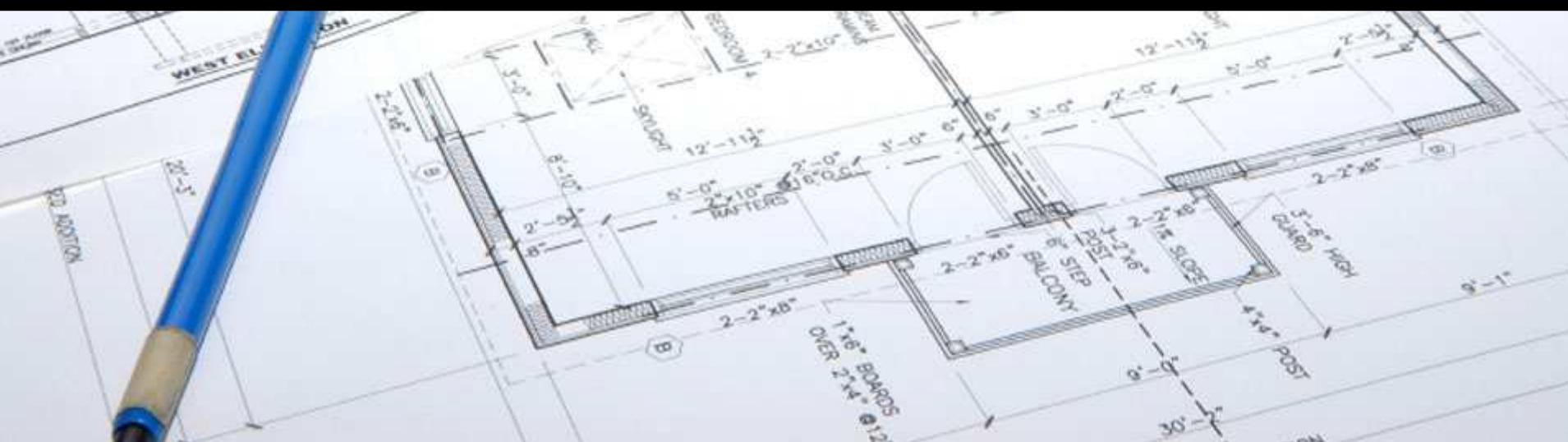
# Lightweight, Friendly Server

- Selective Deployment
  - Choice of full or lightweight deployment
  - Or lightweight deployment via property
  - Specify -DskipDeploymentCheck property
- Fast Server
  - Internal application server mode
- Developer Features
  - Disable character encoding detection
  - Disable connection pooling
  - Application context auto-discovery
  - 50% Improved response times over previous releases





## #2 Adopt Java Enterprise Edition 5.0



# WebLogic Server Standards

Java EE 5.0 and Java SE 5.0/6.0

Java EE 5.0 APIs	Support
JSP 2.1	✓
JSF 1.2	✓
Servlet 2.5	✓
EJB 3.0	✓
JAX-WS 2.0	✓
JMS 1.1	✓
JNDI 1.2	✓
JCA 1.5	✓
JTA 1.1	✓
JACC/JAAS 1.0	✓
JMX 1.2	✓
J2EE Deployment 1.2	✓
J2EE Management 1.1	✓
JDBC 3.0	✓

- Standards Compliant
- Certified JEE 5.0 Compatible

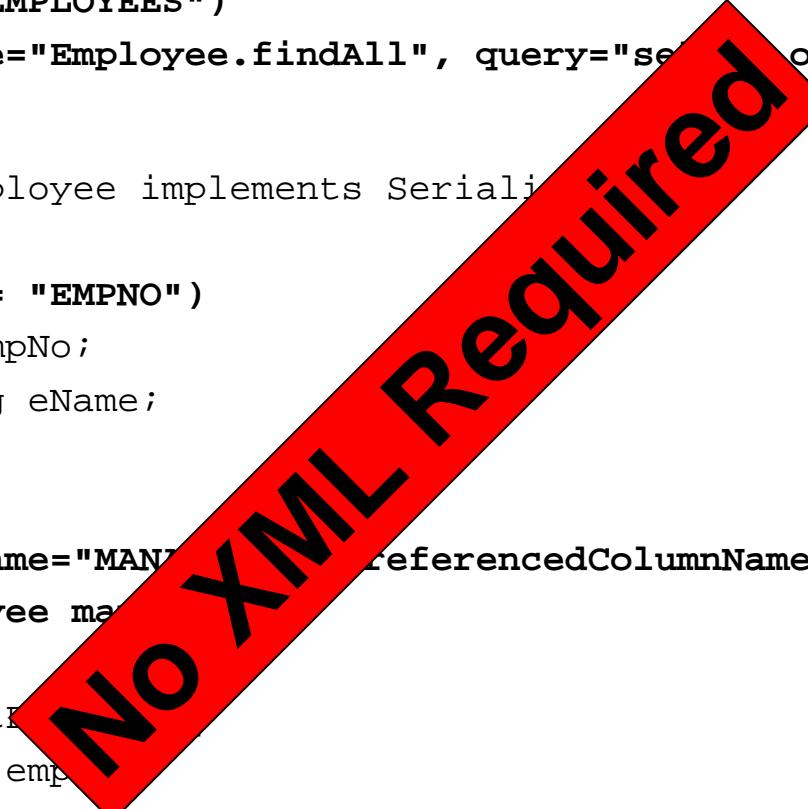


# Java EE5 Developer Productivity

- Primary theme of Java EE5 is developer productivity
- Makes extensive use of annotations instead of XML
  - Build naked applications – no deployment descriptors!
- Dependency injection
  - Annotation based container injection of resources
  - No more JNDI lookups
- EJB 3.0 == simpler, usable EJB model
  - Far less coding infrastructure – only need a business interface and implementation class
  - Beans and behavior defined with annotations
  - Interceptors
- Dedicated lightweight persistence API
  - Best of industry breeding, remove all complexity from EJB 2.x CMP
  - Entities are POJO based, use annotations for O-R mapping
  - EntityManager API to create, query, remove entity bean instances
  - Extensive query support – Named, SQL, EJBQL

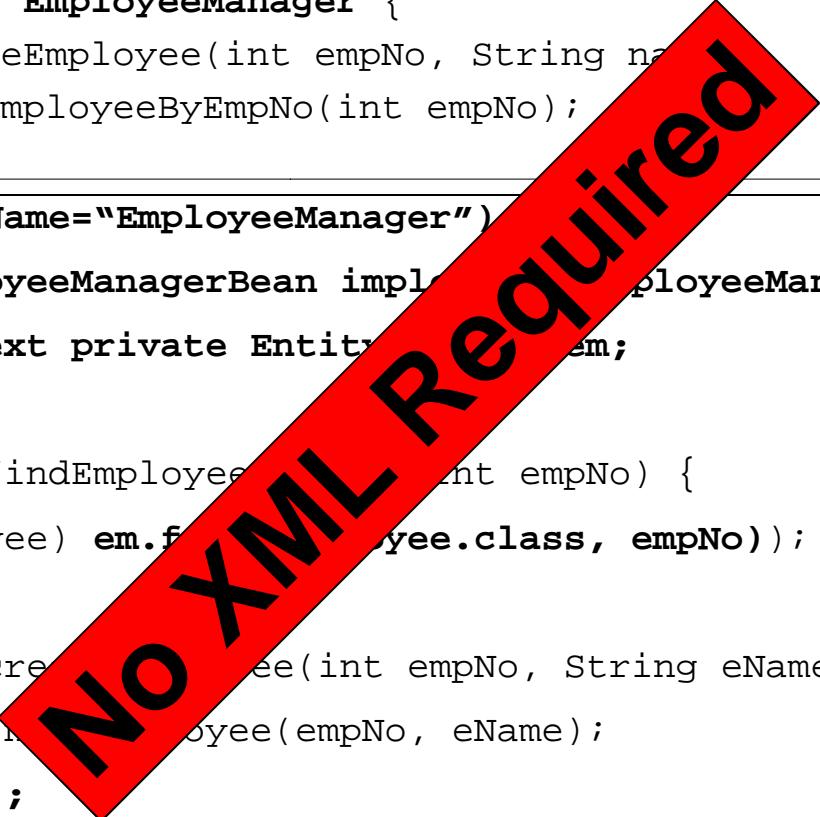
# EJB 3.0 Entity Bean

```
@Entity  
@Table(name = "EMPLOYEES")  
@NamedQuery(name="Employee.findAll", query="select o from Employee  
o")  
  
public class Employee implements Serializable {  
    @Id  
    @Column(name = "EMPNO")  
    private int empNo;  
    private String eName;  
    ...  
    @ManyToOne  
    @JoinColumn(name="MANAGER_ID", referencedColumnName="EMPLOYEE_ID")  
    private Employee manager;  
  
    public int getEmpNo() {  
        return this.empNo;  
    }  
  
    public Employee getManager() {  
        return this.manager;  
    }  
}
```



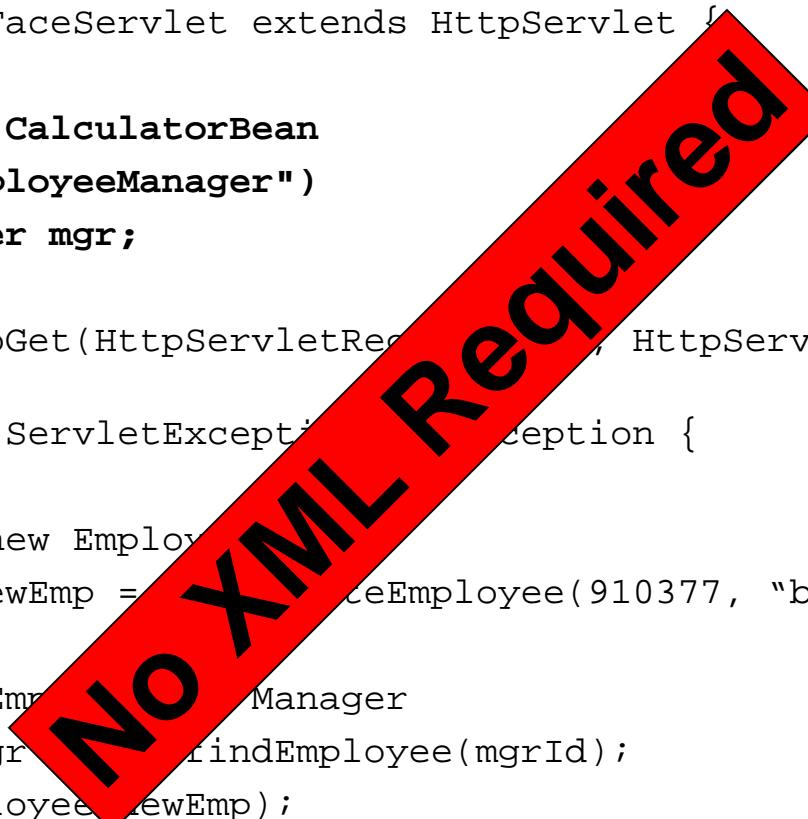
# EJB 3.0 Session Bean

```
@Remote  
public interface EmployeeManager {  
    Employee createEmployee(int empNo, String name);  
    Employee findEmployeeByEmpNo(int empNo);  
}  
  
@Stateless(mappedName="EmployeeManager")  
public class EmployeeManagerBean implements EmployeeManager {  
    @PersistenceContext private EntityManager em;  
  
    public Employee findEmployeeByEmpNo(int empNo) {  
        return ((Employee) em.createQuery("SELECT e FROM Employee e WHERE e.empNo = :empNo").getSingleResult());  
    }  
    public Employee createEmployee(int empNo, String eName) {  
        Employee emp = new Employee(empNo, eName);  
        em.persist(emp);  
        return emp;  
    }  
}
```



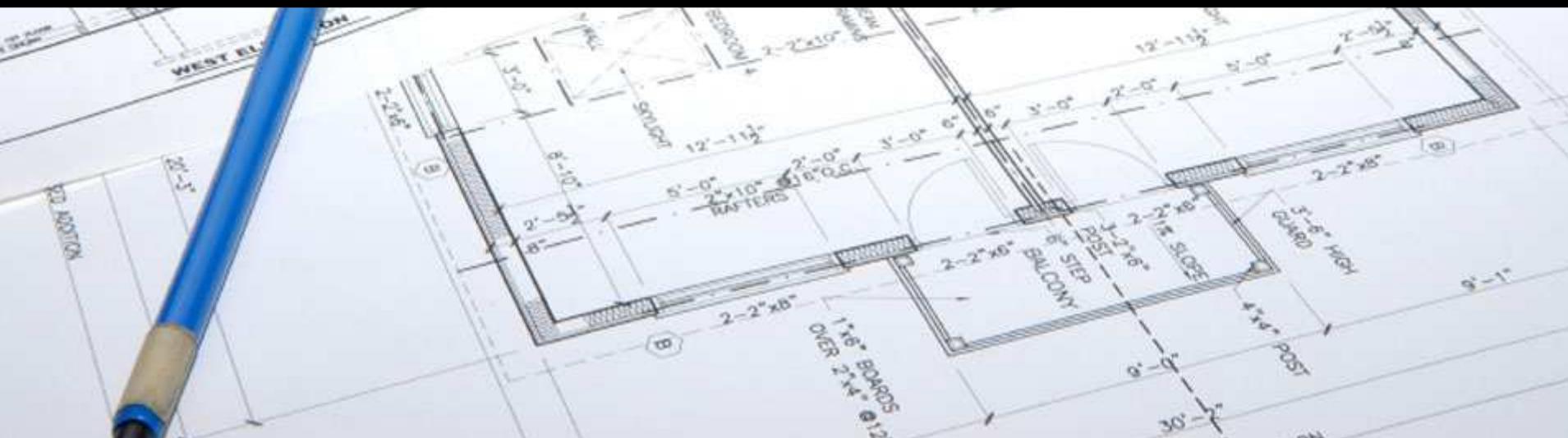
# Servlet 2.5 with Dependency Injection

```
public class HRFaceServlet extends HttpServlet {  
  
    // Inject the CalculatorBean  
    @EJB(name="EmployeeManager")  
    EmployeeManager mgr;  
  
    public void doGet(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse res)  
        throws ServletException, IOException {  
        ...  
        // Create new Employee  
        Employee newEmp = createEmployee(910377, "bill.bloggs");  
  
        // Assign Employee to Manager  
        Employee mgr = findEmployee(mgrId);  
        mgr.addEmployee(newEmp);  
        ...  
    }  
}
```





## #3 Employ FastSwap for Rapid Develop/Test Cycles

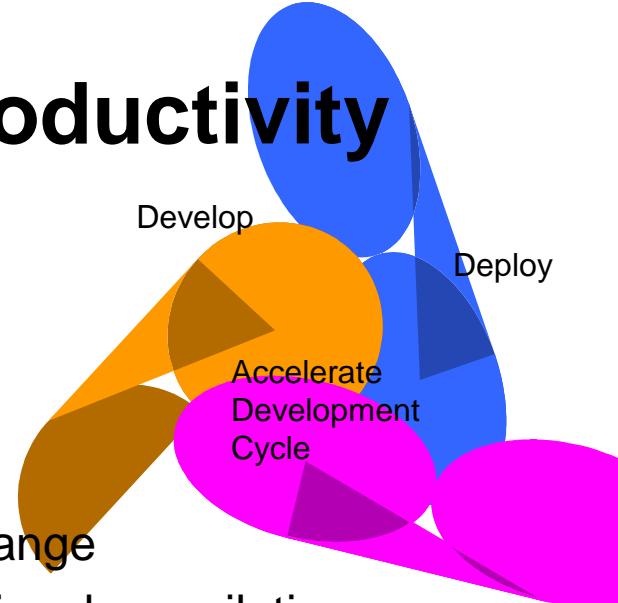


# FastSwap for Maximum Productivity

- Traditional JEE development cycle:

**Edit > Build > Deploy > Test**

- Developers must complete cycle for every code change
- Modern IDEs remove the Build step through conditional compilation:



**Edit > Deploy > Test**

- FastSwap's goal is to eliminate the Deploy step

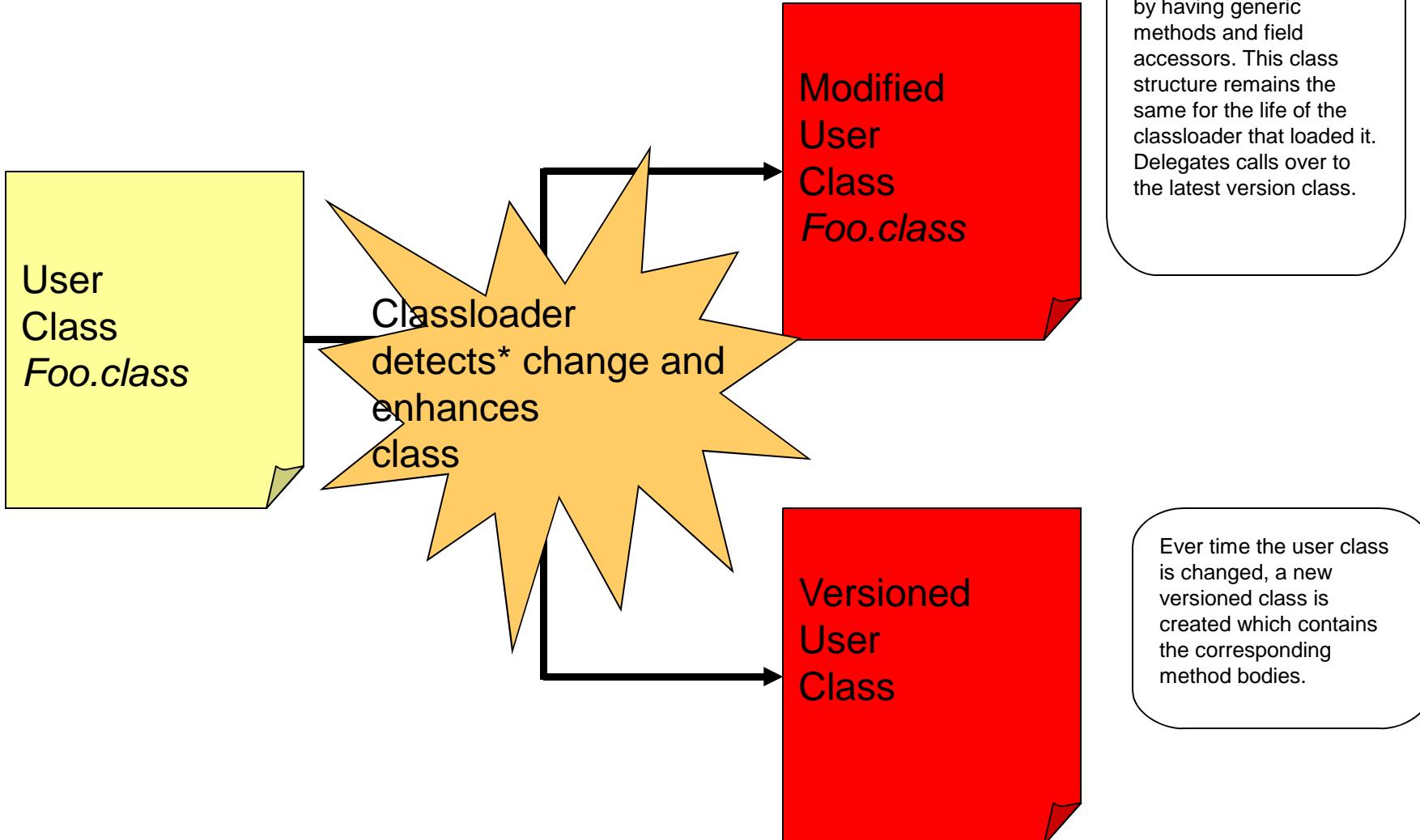
**Edit > Test**

- A web developer changes his code, refreshes his browser, and immediately sees the results

# FastSwap for Maximum Productivity

- Next step in the evolution
  - Redeployment – requires reloading the entire application
  - “Hot” Deploy
  - Partial Redeployment / Split Directory – required dropping and recreating classloaders
  - **FastSwap**
- Enabled by Java 6 Enhancements
  - `java.lang.instrumentation.Instrumentation.retransformClasses(Class...)`
- Preserves the State of Application
  - Replaces the byte code for just the modified methods
  - Maintains instance variables
- Enabled via setting in deployment descriptor
  - Development mode only

# FastSwap in Action



# FastSwap Operation

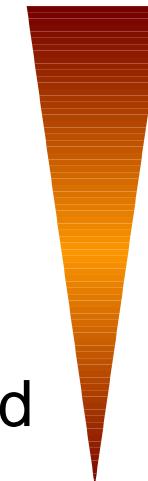
- Detects changes to class files
  - Looks for changes while processing HTTP requests using the FastSwapFilter servlet filter
  - Manual trigger with JMX interface for “headless” applications
  - Works only on `classes` directory: no archives
- Redefines changed classes
  - Automatic for detected class file changes
- Non invasive
  - No dropped classloaders, Servlets, no loss of session state
- Development mode **only**
  - Automatically disabled in production mode

# FastSwap Supported Class Changes

- Add, remove constructors & methods
  - Includes static methods
  - Includes final methods
  - Addition and removal of finalize method not supported
- Add, remove fields
  - Includes static fields
  - Includes final fields
- Change constructor and method code
- Change constructor, method, and field modifiers
- Add methods to interfaces

# Using FastSwap

1. Create an exploded deployment structure
  - Enable FastSwap in weblogic-application.xml
2. Compile source code modules into respective directories in exploded deployment structure
  - No archives, must be unpackaged classes
3. Deploy application to WebLogic Server using exploded deployment structure
4. Configure IDE to directly compile classes exploded deployment structure
5. Develop/edit auto-compile with IDE test immediately



# Enabling FastSwap with Eclipse



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface. At the top, there is a 'Properties for fastswap-test' dialog box with tabs for 'Source', 'Projects', 'Libraries', and 'Order and Export'. Below it is a code editor window titled 'TestServlet.java' with tabs for 'build.xml', 'spring-application.xml', 'web.xml', and '\* weblogic-application.xml'. The XML code in the editor is:

```
1<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2<wls:weblogic-application xmlns:wls="http://www.bea.com/ns/weblogic/weblogic-application"
3    <wls:fast-swap>
4        <wls:enabled>true</wls:enabled>
5    </wls:fast-swap>
6</wls:weblogic-application>
```

A red box highlights the XML block from line 3 to line 5. Below the code editor is a 'Java Build Path' dialog box. The title bar says 'Enable wls-fastswap in weblogic application.xml'. The 'Included' section is expanded, showing 'Included: (All)', 'Excluded: (None)', and 'Native library location: (None)'. A checkbox 'Allow output folders for source folders' is checked, and the 'Default output folder' is set to 'fastswap-test/classes/'. At the bottom are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Configure project to compile into exploded directories

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# Using FastSwap with Eclipse

The screenshot shows the Oracle Java IDE interface. On the left, the Package Explorer displays a project structure for 'fastswap-test' containing JRE System Library [jdk150\_1], Referenced Libraries, src/model, src/ejb, src/web, src/util, dist (highlighted with a red arrow), etc, src, build.xml, build.xml.bak, and build-old.xml. The src/ejb folder contains subfolders ejb and sab.demo.fastswap, which in turn contain Calculator.java, CalculatorBean.java, CalculatorLocal.java, Test.java, and TestBean.java. The src/web folder contains a TestServlet\_beaversion2\_17 file. The central pane shows the 'WebLogic Server: FastSwap Example' details: FastSwap: TRUE, Loader: com.bea.wls.redef.RedefiningClassLoader, and Servlet: sab.demo.fastswap.web.TestServlet\_beaversion2\_17. It also displays code snippets for @EJB TestBean, @EJB CalculatorBean, and Simple JavaBean, along with their corresponding output results. The right pane features a character icon and the ORACLE logo.

Java - fastswap-test/src/ejb

File Edit Source Source Refact...

Package Explorer (fastswap-test)

JRE System Library [jdk150\_1]

Referenced Libraries

src/model

src/ejb

sab.demo.fastswap

ejb

Calculator.java

CalculatorBean.java

CalculatorLocal.java

Test.java

TestBean.java

src/web

src/util

dist

etc

src

build.xml

build.xml.bak

build-old.xml

WebLogic Server: FastSwap Example

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Class Details

FastSwap: TRUE

Loader: com.bea.wls.redef.RedefiningClassLoader

Servlet: sab.demo.fastswap.web.TestServlet\_beaversion2\_17

@EJB TestBean

Class Level This is a class level msg

Instance Level This is an instance level msg

Method Level This is a method level msg

@EJB CalculatorBean

10+3 = 13

10-3 = 7

10\*3 = 30

10/3 = 3.333333333333335

Simple JavaBean

11:05:17 sab.demo.fastswap.model.MyBean\_beaversion0\_2

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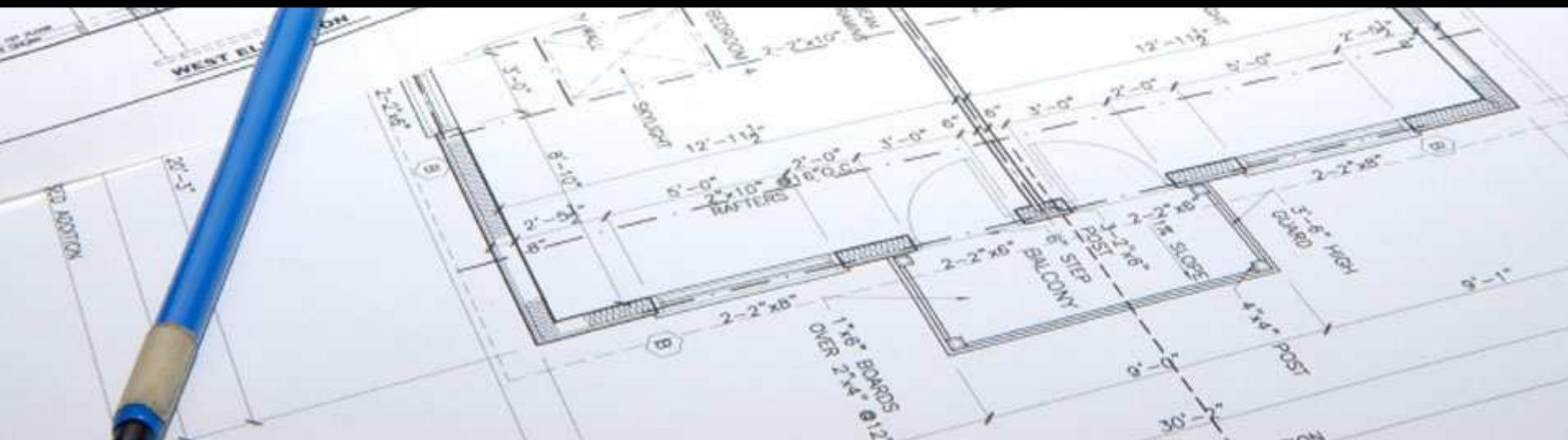
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# FastSwap Demonstration

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## #4 Use Split Development



# WebLogic Server Split Development

- Use WebLogic Split Development for starting new projects
- Development by convention
  - Prescribed directory layout for EJBs, web modules, common libraries
  - Prescribed locations for source code, deployment descriptors, HTML, images, ...
- Tooling to automatically generate build files
  - Examines directory structure to infer module types
  - Uses Ant tasks that help you repeatedly build, change, and deploy Java EE applications.
  - Separates project source from generated artifacts
- Provides
  - Fast development and deployment
  - Simplified build scripts
  - Easy integration with source control systems

# Develop By Convention

```
+---APP-INF
|   +---classes
|   |       applicationresource.properties
|   +---lib
|   |       GenericResourceLoader.jar
|
+---appUtils
|   +---examples\hello\apputils\AppUtils.java
|
+---helloEJB
|   +---examples\hello\ejb\HelloBean.java
|   +---examples\hello\ejb\Hello.java
|
+---helloWebApp
|   |       index.jsp
|   |       wls_examples.css
|   +---WEB-INF
|   |       web.xml
|   |       weblogic.xml
|   +---src
|       +---examples\hello\utils\WebAppUtils.java
|
+---META-INF
    application.xml
    weblogic-application.xml
```

- Create project directory structures
- Similar to JEE archive format
- Modules are located at top level
- Deployment descriptors placed in META-INF, WEB-INF directories
- Source code placed in package structure under specific modules
- Web module source placed in WEB-INF/src directory

# Generate Ant Build File

- Use `weblogic.BuildXMLGen` to generate Ant build file
  - Inspects directory structure, generates corresponding build file with appropriate targets
  - Uses Oracle Ant tasks

```
Usage: java weblogic.BuildXMLGen [options] <src_dir>
```

where options include:

```
-help           Print the standard usage message.  
-version        Print version information.  
-projectName <project name> name of the ANT project.  
-d <directory>   directory where build.xml is created.  
                  Default is the current directory.  
-file <build.xml> name of the generated build file.  
-username <username> user name for deploy commands.  
-password <password> password for the user.  
-adminurl <url>   Administration Server URL.  
-librarydir <directories> Comma-separated list of directories
```

```
$ java weblogic.BuildXMLGen -projectName helloWorld -d . -username weblogic -password  
weblogic .
```

# Generated Ant Build File Targets

```
$ant -p
```

Main targets:

appc	Runs weblogic.appc on your application
<b>build</b>	<b>Compiles helloWorld application and runs appc</b>
<b>clean</b>	<b>Deletes the build directory</b>
compile	Only compiles helloWorld application, no appc
compile.appUtils	Compiles just the appUtils module of the application
compile.helloEJB	Compiles just the helloEJB module of the application
compile.helloWebApp	Compiles just the helloWebApp module of the application
config.server	Configure server with resources required by application
<b>deploy</b>	<b>Deploys (and redeploys) the entire helloworld application</b>
<b>ear</b>	<b>Package a standard JEE EAR for distribution</b>
<b>ear.exploded</b>	<b>Package a standard exploded JEE EAR</b>
redeploy.appStartup	Redeploys just the appStartup module of the application
redeploy.appUtils	Redeploys just the appUtils module of the application
redeploy.helloEJB	Redeploys just the helloEJB module of the application
redeploy.helloWebApp	Redeploys just the helloWebApp module of the application
<b>undeploy</b>	<b>Undeploys the entire helloworld application</b>

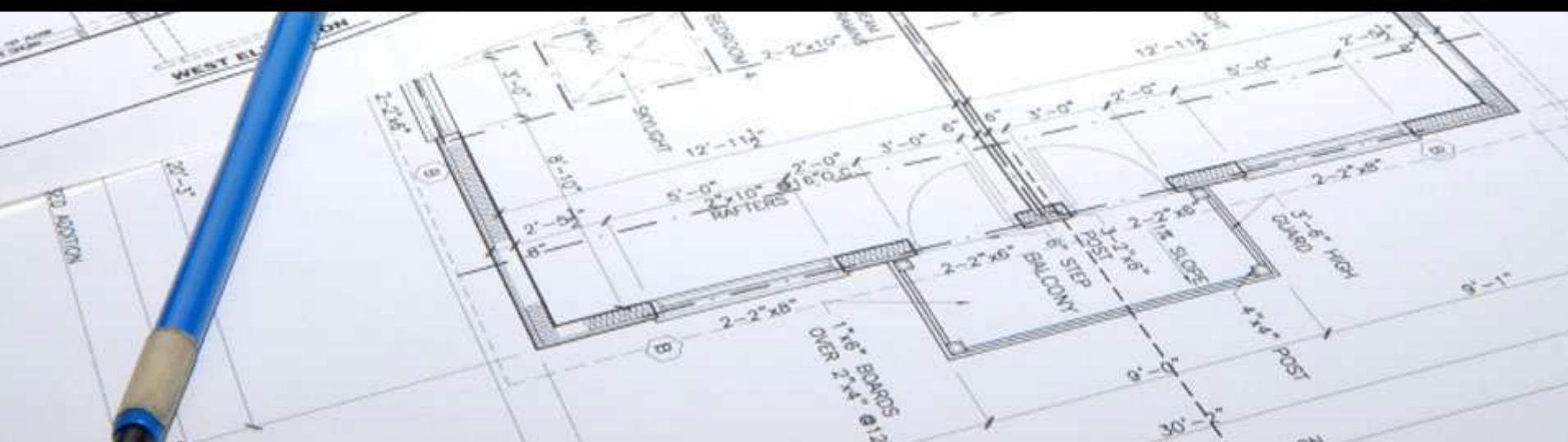
# Executing Build, Package

```
$ ant ear  
Buildfile: build.xml  
  
compile:  
[javac] Compiling 1 source file to D:\splitdev-builds\helloWorld\APP-INF\classes  
[javac] Compiling 7 source files to D:\splitdev-builds\helloWorld\helloWorldWeb\WEB-INF\classes  
[javac] Compiling 3 source files to D:\splitdev-builds\helloWorld\helloWorldEJB\  
...  
  
appc:  
[wlappc] <24/11/2008 01:27:28 PM CST> <Info> <J2EE> <BEA-160186> <Compiling EAR module  
'helloWorldWeb'>  
[wlappc] [JspcInvoker]Checking web app for compliance.  
[wlappc] <24/11/2008 01:27:30 PM CST> <Info> <HTTP> <BEA-101047> <[Compliance Checker]  
Validating the servlet element with servlet-name named "HelloWorldServlet".>  
...  
[wlappc] <24/11/2008 01:27:30 PM CST> <Info> <HTTP> <BEA-101047> <[Compliance Checker] Checking  
servlet-mapping for servlet name : "HelloWorldServlet".>  
[wlappc] [jspc] -webapp specified, searching . for JSPs  
[wlappc] [jspc] Compiling /index.jsp  
[wlappc] [jspc] Compiling /systemproperties.jsp  
[wlappc] Compilation completed successfully.  
  
build:  
  
ear:  
[jar] Building jar: D:\splitdev-builds\dist\helloWorld.ear
```

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# #5 Leverage WebLogic Server Ant Tasks



# WebLogic Server Ant Tasks

- Easily integrate WebLogic Server operations into your Ant build scripts
- Tasks to start, stop, restart server
- Tasks to deploy, undeploy, redeploy
- Tasks to call out to execute WLST scripts

# Ant Task Definition

```
<path id="WLS_CLASSPATH">
  <pathelement path="${WLS_HOME}/server/lib/wlfullclient.jar" />
</path>
<property name="WLS_CLASSPATH" refid="WLS_CLASSPATH" />

<taskdef name="wldeploy"
  classname="weblogic.ant.taskdefs.management.WLDeploy"
  classpathref="WLS_CLASSPATH" />

<taskdef name="wlserver"
  classname="weblogic.ant.taskdefs.management.WLServer"
  classpathref="WLS_CLASSPATH" />

<taskdef name="wlst"
  classname="weblogic.ant.taskdefs.management.WLSTTask"
  classpathref="WLS_CLASSPATH" />
```

# <wldeploy>

- Deploy an application to the target server

```
<target name="server_deploy" depends="all">
  <wldeploy
    action="deploy"
    adminurl="${wls.adminurl}" targets="${wls.server}"
    user="${wls.user}" password="${wls.password}"
    source="${dist.dir}" name="${app.name}"
    verbose="${wls.verbose}" debug="${wls.debug}" />
</target>
```

# <wlserver/>

Create a new server definition and start it

```
<target name="testserver_create">
  <delete dir="testserver"/>
  <mkdir dir="testserver"/>
  <wlserver dir="testserver" generateconfig="true"
            port="7001" action="start"
            servername="AdminServer"
            username="weblogic" password="weblogic"
            verbose="true"/>
</target>
```

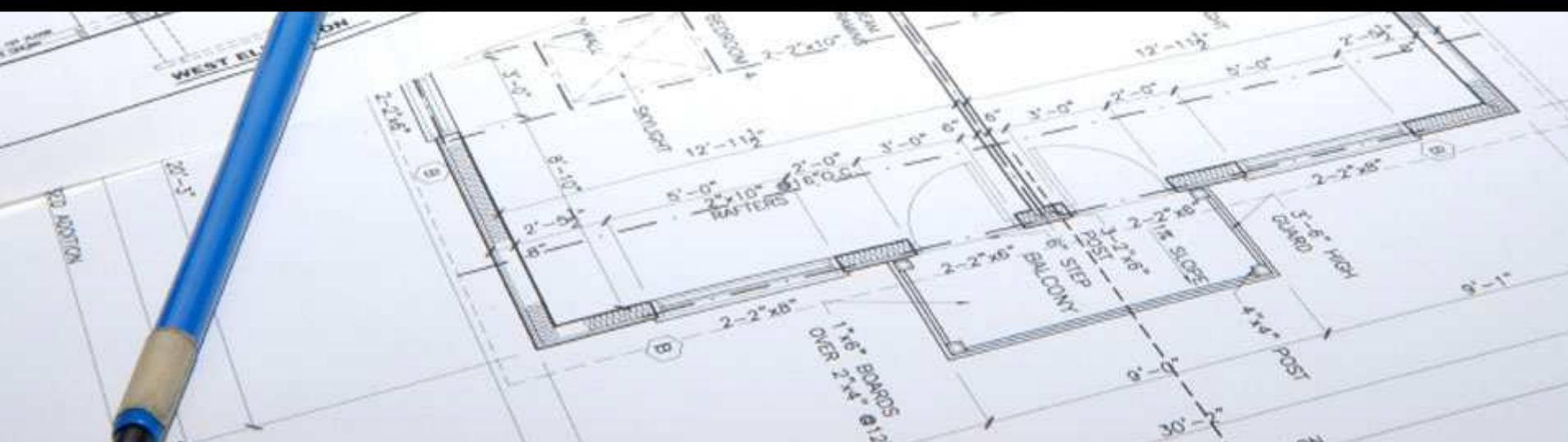
# <wlst/>

- Call a WLST script to populate a test instance

```
<target name="testserver_config" depends="testserver_create">
  <wlst debug="false" failOn Error="false"
    executeScriptBeforeFile="true"
    fileName="\${TEST_HOME}/config/testserver.py">
    <script>
      connect('weblogic','weblogic','t3://localhost:7001')
    </script>
  </wlst>
</target>
```



## #6 Make Use of WebLogic Server Tooling



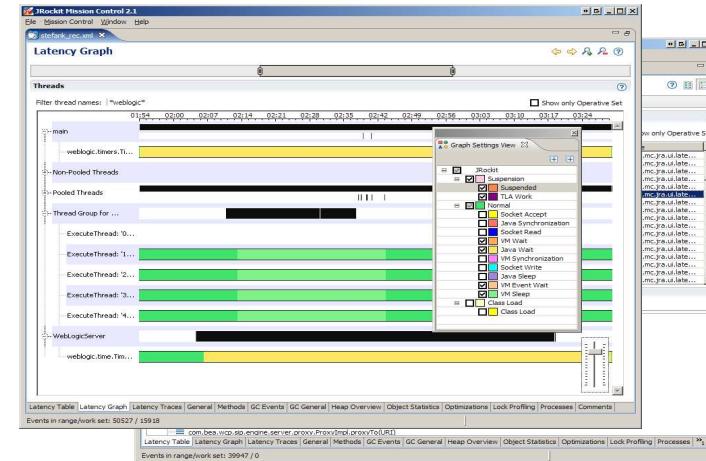
# WebLogic Server Tooling

- WebLogic Server provides a wide array of helpful tooling to help developers
  - Incorporate into development process as necessary
- Set environment before executing
  - <DOMAIN\_HOME>/bin/setDomainEnv.cmd

<b>weblogic.appc</b>	Compiles JSPs, EJB, validates deployment descriptors
<b>weblogic.Deployer</b>	Command line deployment utility
<b>weblogic.PlanGenerator</b>	Generates a template deployment plan for an application
<b>weblogic.DDConverter</b>	Convert deployment descriptors to current WLS version
<b>weblogic.marathon.ddinit.EarInit</b>	Generate EAR level deployment descriptors
<b>weblogic.marathon.ddinit.WebInit</b>	Generate Web module deployment descriptors

# JRockit Mission Control

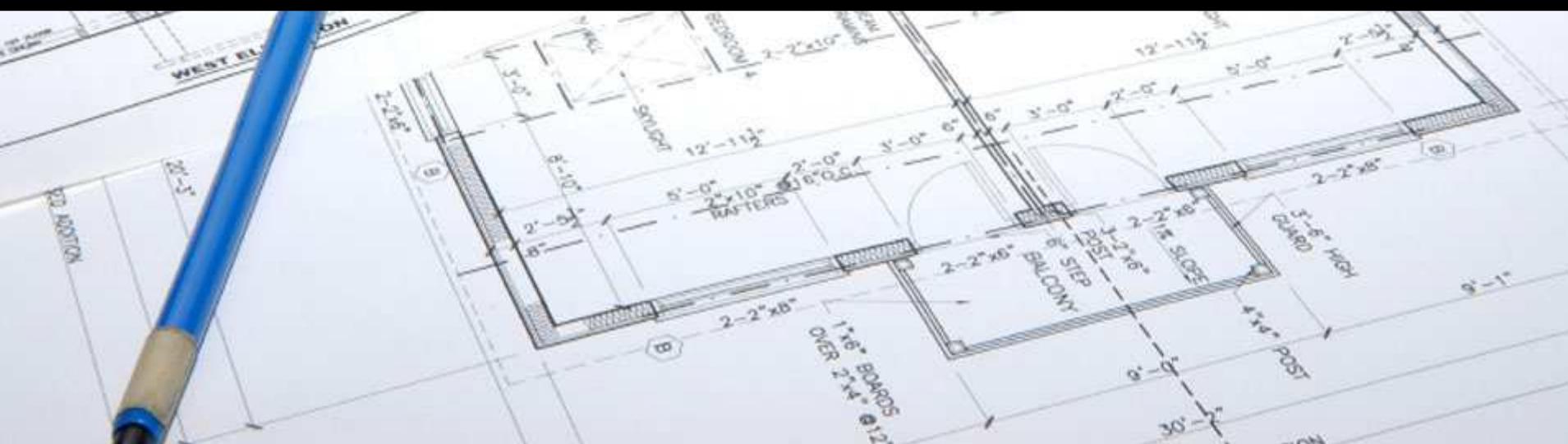
- An extension to JRockit which provides **profiling, monitoring, managing and diagnostics** of your Java applications at runtime
- Exposed through JRockit Mission Control GUI
  - JRockit Management Console
  - JRockit Runtime Analyzer (JRA)
  - Memory Leak Detector
  - Latency Analysis
- Integrated in the JVM
  - Near zero overhead
  - Available on-demand, no instrumentation needed



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## #7 Use Smart IDE Features



# Oracle Enterprise Pack for Eclipse

Java / Java EE

AppXRay™

Open Source skill leverage reduces learning curve



Web Services



HTML

CSS

JSF

JSP

JSTL

Struts

*Presentation*

Java Variable

Resource bundles

POJO

Web Services

XML schema

*Component*

Hibernate

OpenJPA Kodo

EJB 3 JPA

Spring DAO

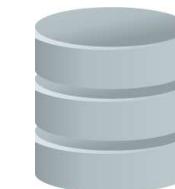
*Data Access*

*External Resources*

WebLogic Server



Spring, ORM, DB



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# OEPE Overview

- Classic Workshop Features
  - Based on Eclipse 3.4 + WTP 3.0
  - AppXRay
  - WYSIWYG for JSP, JSF, Struts
  - EJB 2 & EJB 3 tools
  - Database and ORM tools
  - Web Services (JAX-WS & JAX-RPC)
  - Spring Beans
  - Full support for WLS 10.4 and older versions
  - Support for other servers (Tomcat, JBoss, Websphere, Oracle, etc)
  - Upgrade
- Integration with existing Oracle Eclipse initiatives
  - Web Tools Web Page Designer
  - Web Tools JSF Project
  - Dali/DB Tools/EclipseLink

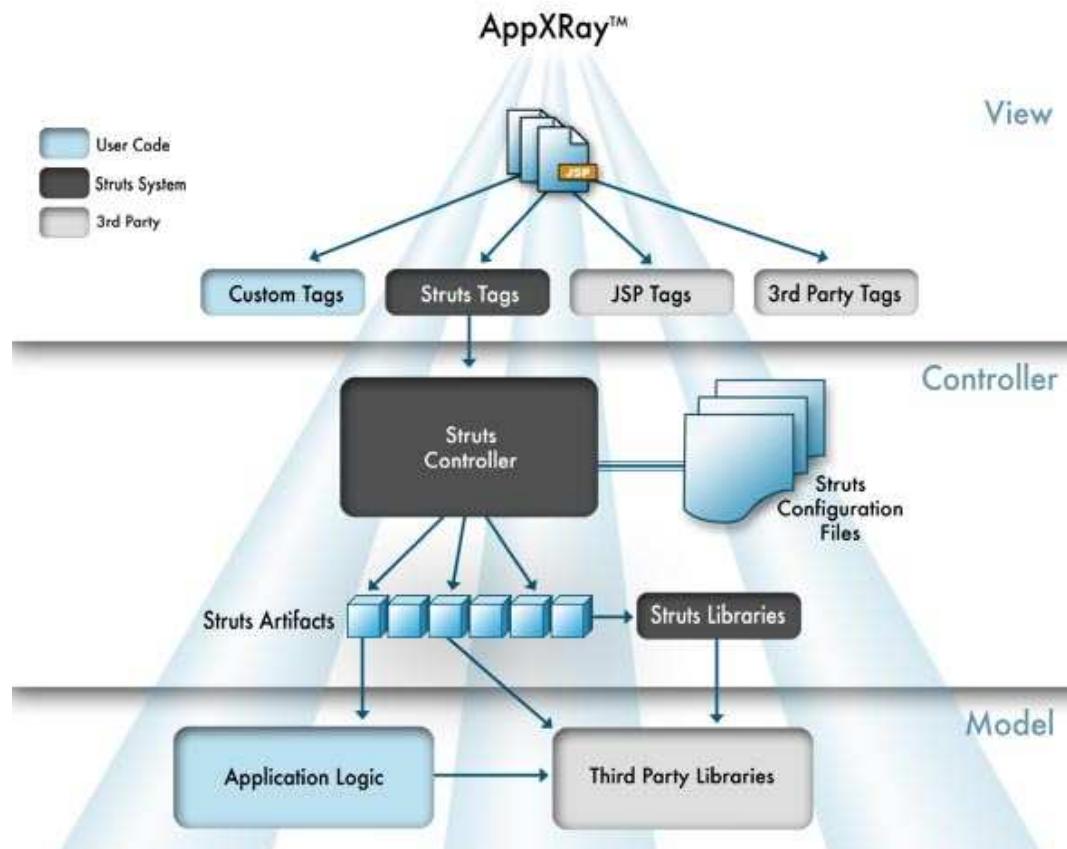


# AppXRay™

Oracle's AppXRay™ provides as-you type, compiler level awareness of much more than java at design time, offering unique capabilities in code and annotation completion, code navigation, dependency visualization, consistency checking with generated classes and configuration files, pre-build error checking, and validation that understands your entire application.

Provides design-time compiler awareness for:

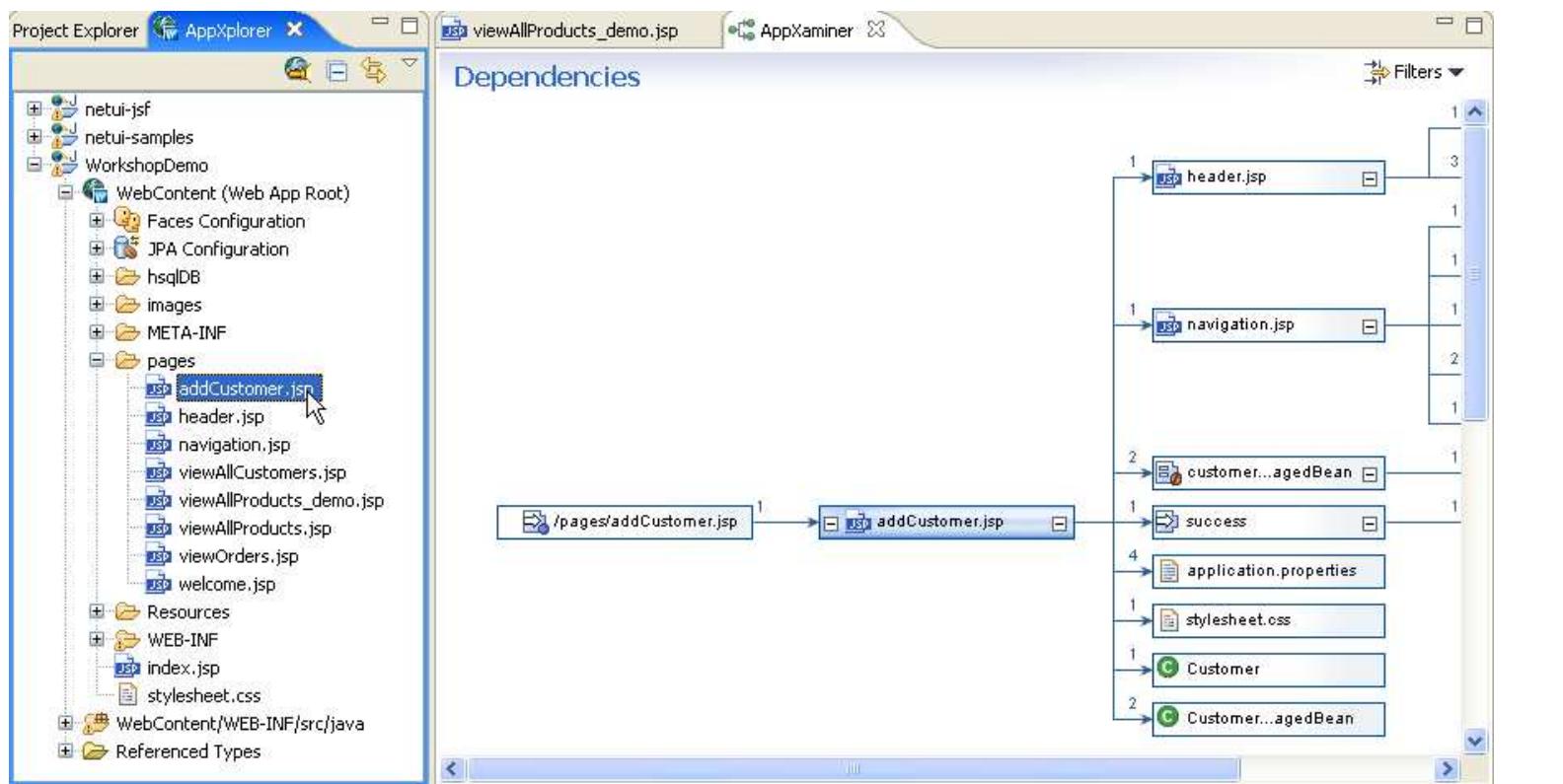
- Java, HTML, CSS
- JSP/JSTL, Struts, Tiles, JSF
- EJB3, Oracle Kodo, Hibernate
- Java Resource Bundles, Variables



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# AppXRay: AppXaminer

Developers who inherit code or applications developed by others will appreciate AppXaminer. View the relationships between **all** design time artifacts with a simple right click gesture, then filter out what you don't want to see. AppXaminer allows navigation through specific instances of dependences as well.

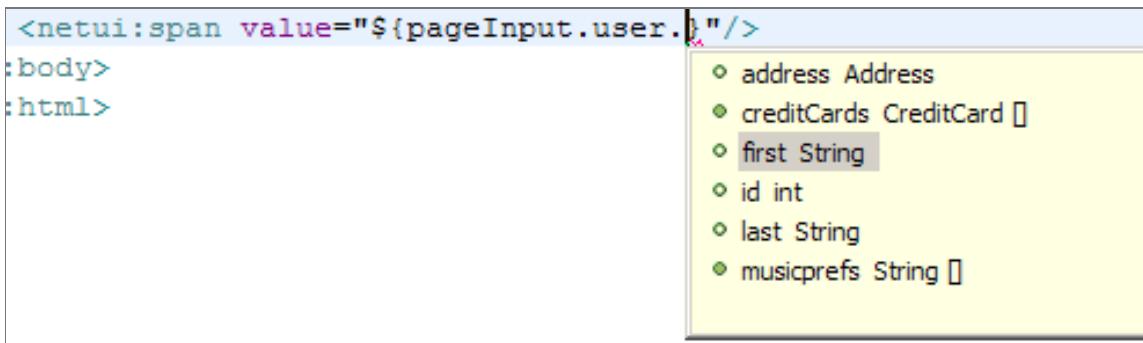


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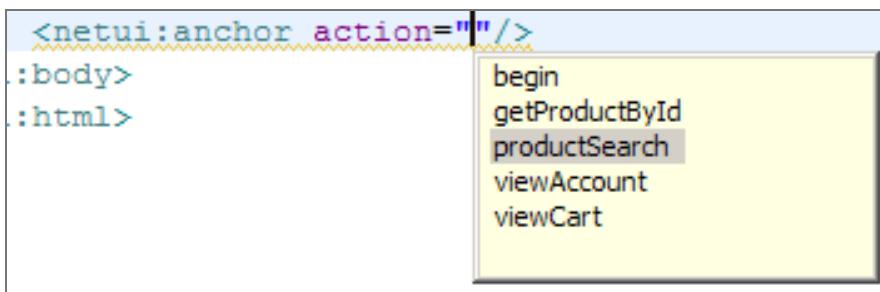
# AppXRay Code Completion

## Example: JSP Source Completion

- Works for any framework supported by AppXRay
- Expression completion for JSP2.0, JSF EL



- Tag attribute values



# AppXRay Validation

## Example: Struts Validation

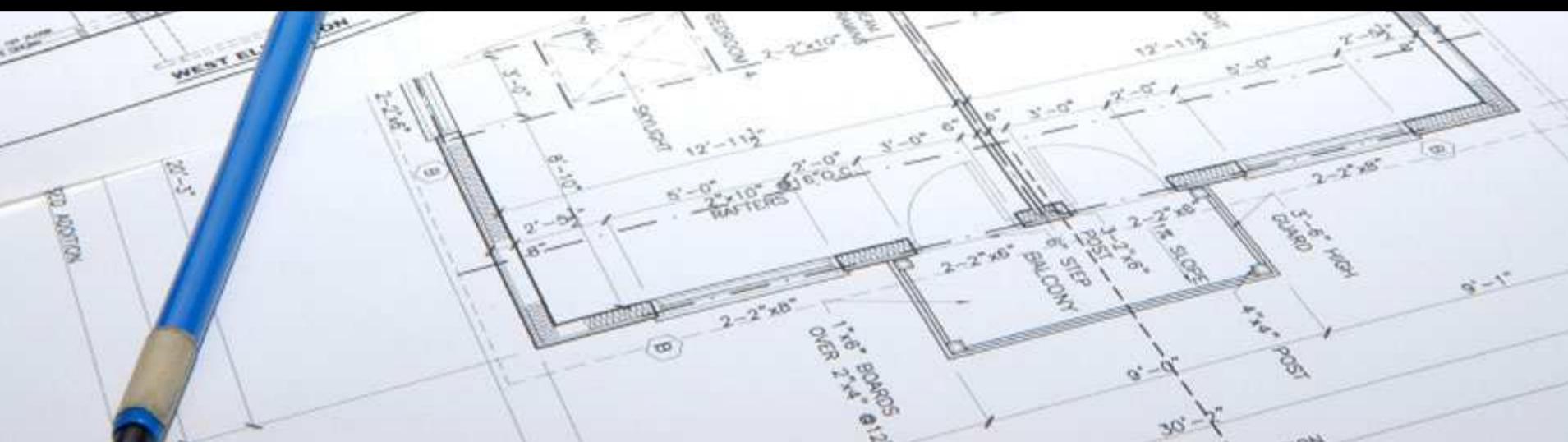
- Syntax checking for any framework AppXRay supports
  - Tag usage in pages
  - Code syntax against spec (eg. EJB3, JSF)
  - Validation against current framework configuration file
- Validation on any dependencies between framework related artifacts



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# #8 Automate Creation of Dev/Test Environments

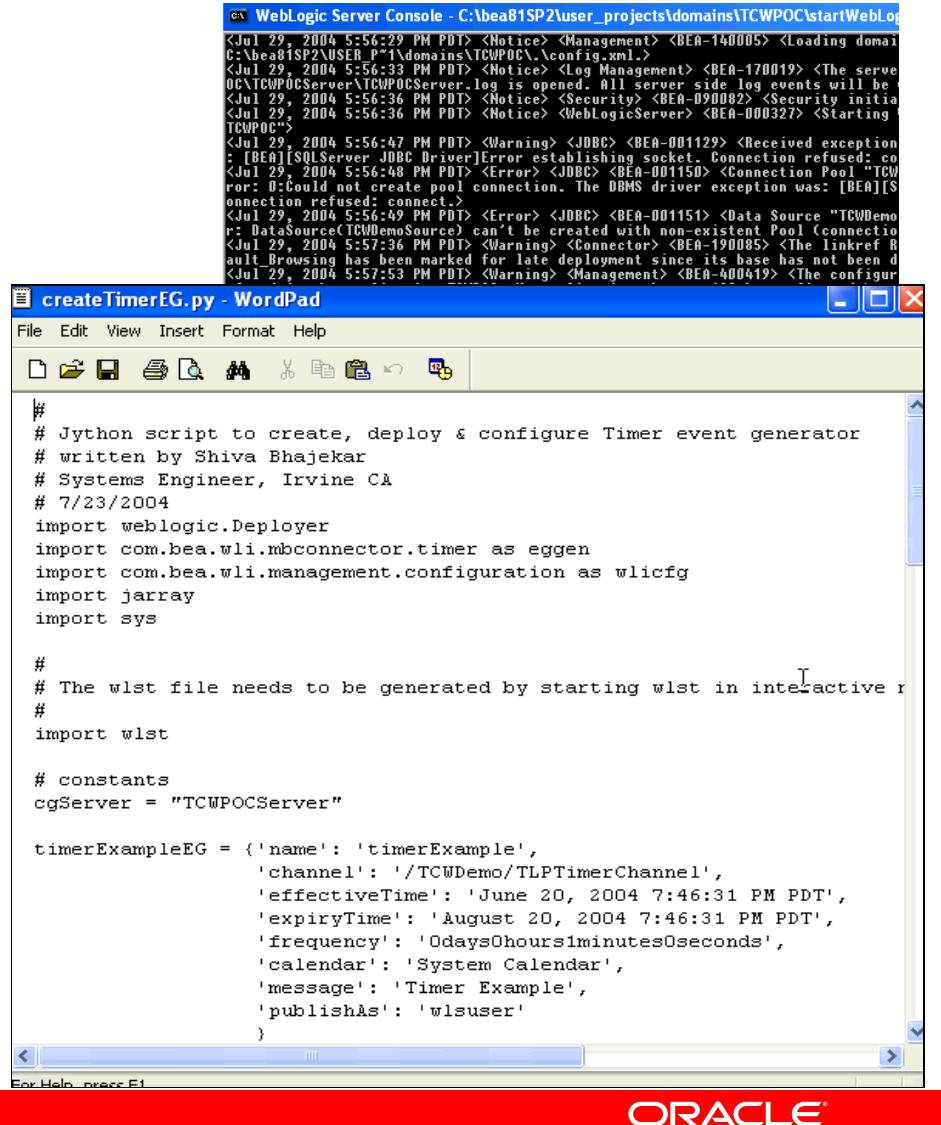


# Automation of Dev/Test Environments

- Creating development, integration and general test servers can be a burden
  - Need to create domain(s)
  - Need to populate it with resources (jdbc, jms, libraries)
  - Need to be able to reset it and recreate it
- A manual approach leads to errors, inconsistencies
  - Not easy to guarantee outcome
- Requires a repeatable, automatable solution
  - Executable from command line, Ant via <wlst> , continuous integration server product
- WebLogic Server provides a scripting solution to service this need with WLST

# WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST)

- Command-line scripting interface for managing and monitoring WebLogic Server instances, clusters, and domains
- Based on 100% pure Java implementation of Python
- Modes of operation – (script / interactive) ↔ (online / offline)
- Provides a repeatable process for propagating configuration changes across environments
- Quickly allows environments to be replicated and migrated



The screenshot shows a Windows desktop environment. In the foreground, there is a WordPad window titled "createTimerEG.py - WordPad". The file contains the following Jython script:

```
# Jython script to create, deploy & configure Timer event generator
# written by Shiva Bhajekar
# Systems Engineer, Irvine CA
# 7/23/2004
import weblogic.Deployer
import com.bea.wli.mbconnector.timer as eggen
import com.bea.wli.management.configuration as wlcfg
import jararray
import sys

#
# The wlst file needs to be generated by starting wlst in interactive r
# import wlst

# constants
cgServer = "TCWPOCServer"

timerExampleEG = {'name': 'timerExample',
                  'channel': '/TCWDemo/TLPTimerChannel',
                  'effectiveTime': 'June 20, 2004 7:46:31 PM PDT',
                  'expiryTime': 'August 20, 2004 7:46:31 PM PDT',
                  'frequency': '0days0hours1minutes0seconds',
                  'calendar': 'System Calendar',
                  'message': 'Timer Example',
                  'publishAs': 'wlsuser'
                 }
```

In the background, there is a command-line window titled "WebLogic Server Console - C:\bea81SP2\user\_projects\domains\TCWPOC\startWebLog". The window displays a log of events from July 29, 2004, at 5:56 PM PDT, detailing the startup of the domain and various configuration errors related to JDBC connections and data sources.

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# Resource Creation with WLST

```
# Database configuration
dataSources = splitMap(env, "datasource.")

for (dataSourceName, properties) in dataSources.items():
    cd("/")
    jdbcSystemResource = JDBCSystemResource(dataSourceName)
    dataSources[dataSourceName] = jdbcSystemResource
    cd("JDBCSystemResource/%s" % jdbcSystemResource.name)
    cd("JdbcResource/%s" % jdbcSystemResource.name)

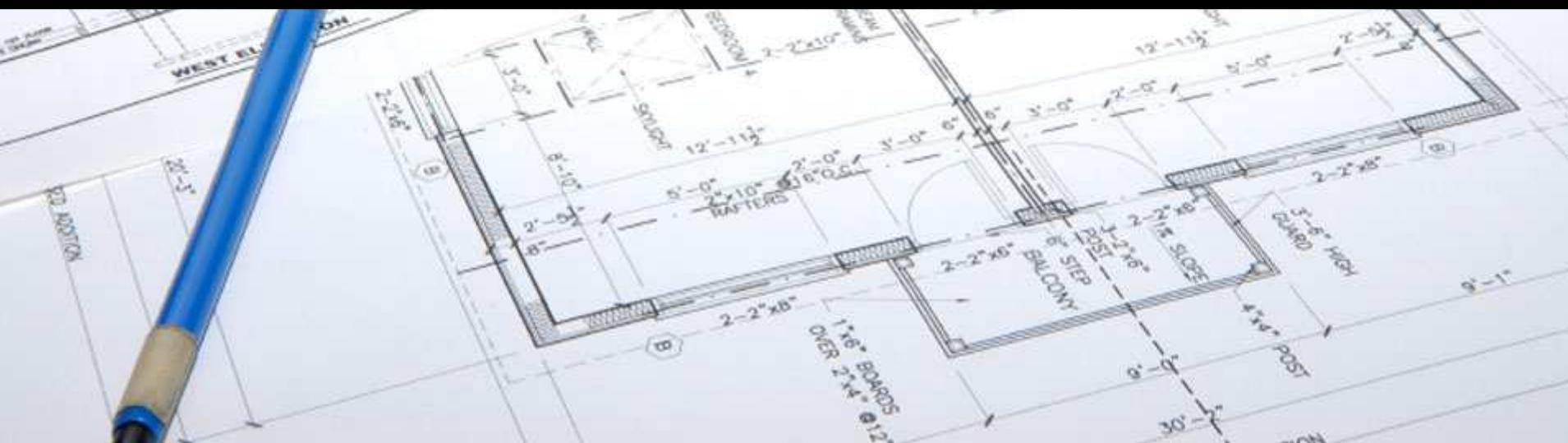
    JDBCDriverParams("ignored", driverName = "oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver",
                     passwordEncrypted = properties["password"],
                     url = properties["url"])

    JDBCConnectionPoolParams("ignored", initialCapacity = 1,
maxCapacity = int(properties["capacity"]),
secondsToTrustAnIdlePoolConnection = 10,
shrinkFrequencySeconds = 0, statementCacheSize = 100,
testConnectionsOnReserve = 1, testFrequencySeconds = 0,
testTableName = "SQL SELECT 1 FROM dual WHERE 1=2")
```

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# #9 Application Class Loading



# Application Class Loading

- As a developer you are responsible for developing and assembling applications
  - Make use of many sources of code/libraries within applications
  - In-house libraries + Spring, Xerces, Log4J, apache-commons-\*, ...
- Understanding how class loading works is important to make correct and efficient use of Java libraries
  - What classes get loaded from where
  - Efficiently reusing shared libraries
  - Avoiding ClassCastException
- WebLogic Server class loading is a powerful mechanism that can be used to good effect
  - Reuse of common shared libraries
  - Filtering Classloader to control library visibility
  - Construction of custom module classloader hierarchies

# Application Class Paths

- EAR application classpath
  - APP-INF/classes/
  - APP-INF/lib/\*.jar
  - Manifest classpath
  - (EAR-library-classpath)\*
  - (JAR-library-classpath)\*
- WAR application classpath
  - WEB-INF/classes/
  - WEB-INF/\*.jar
  - Manifest classpath
  - (WAR-library-classpath)\*
  - (JAR-library-classpath)\*
  - (EAR-Application-classpath)

# Ways of Sharing Libraries

- System Classpath
  - \$DOMAIN/lib automatically added to classpath
  - Modify Claspath setting in setDomainEnv, commEnv
- Application level
  - APP-INF/lib for packaged libraries
  - APP-INF/classes for unpackaged classes
  - META-INF/Manifest.mf/Class-Path
- Java EE Libraries
  - Deploy reusable modules as libraries
  - Reference libraries (name, version) in deployment descriptors

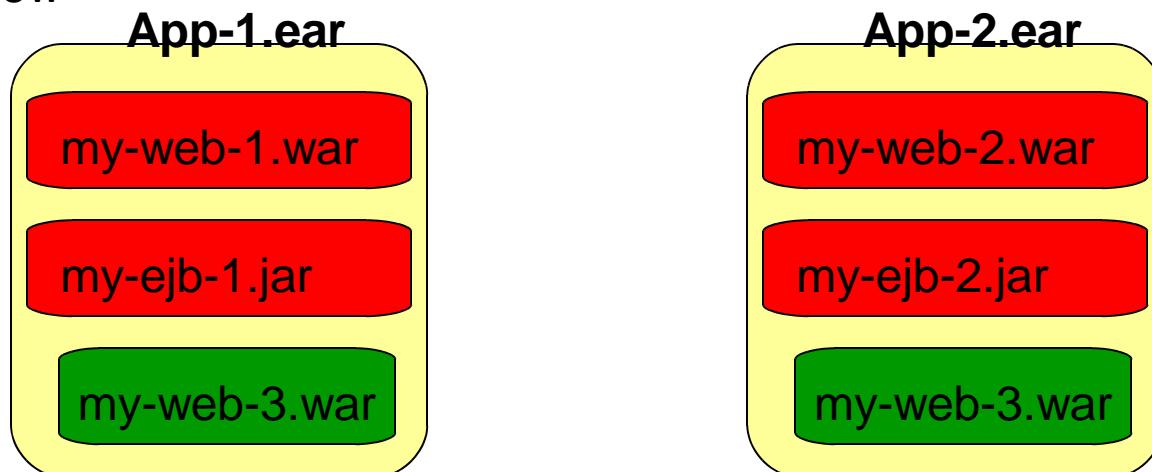
# Best Practices for Sharing Libraries

- System classpath
  - Need to be visible to all/many applications
  - Reloading of library is not common
- Application level
  - Library not shared with any other application
  - Reloading of library is required
- Deployed library
  - Need to be shared among many applications
  - Library evolves differently than application classes
  - Reloading of library is required

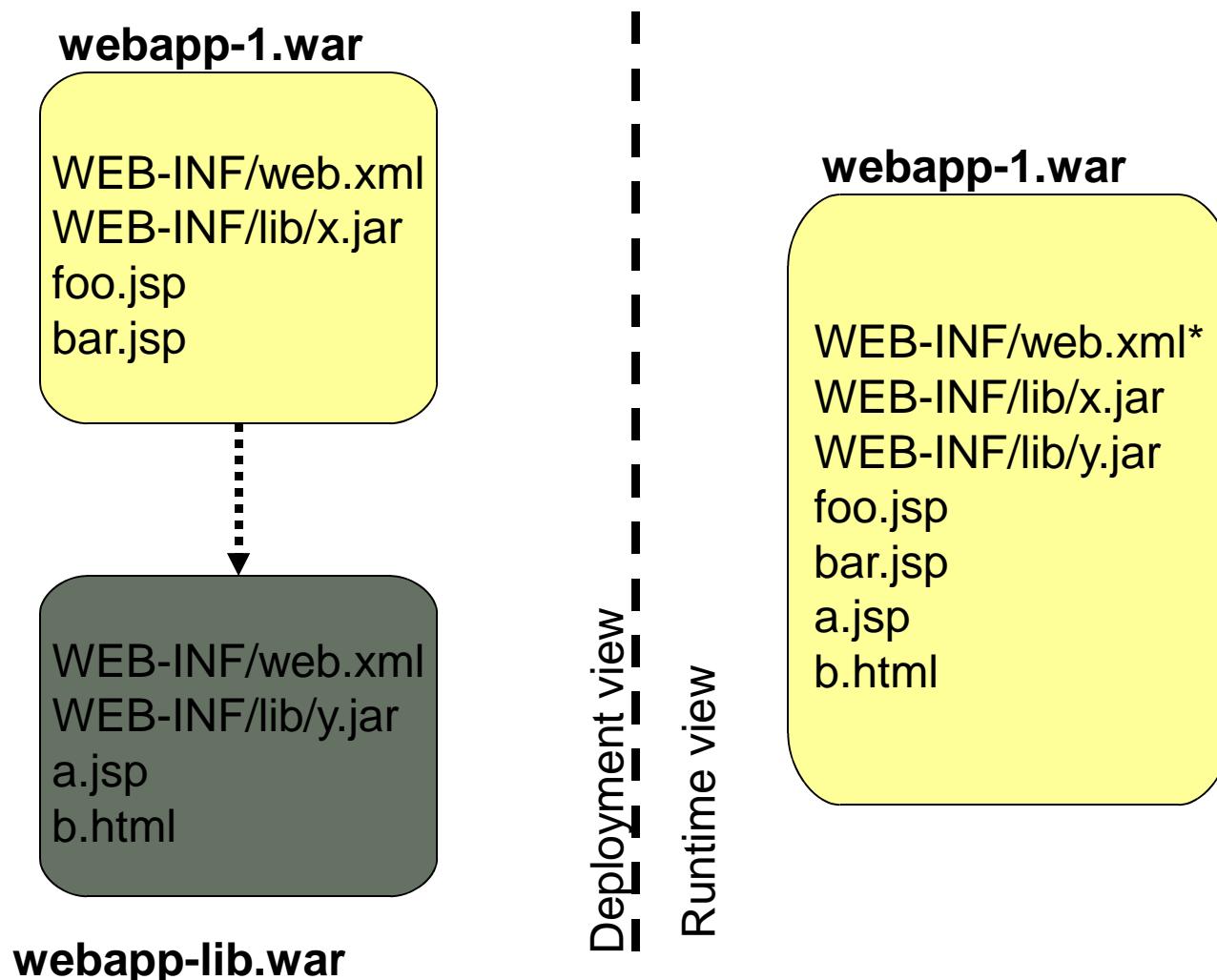
# Application Shared Libraries



Runtime view



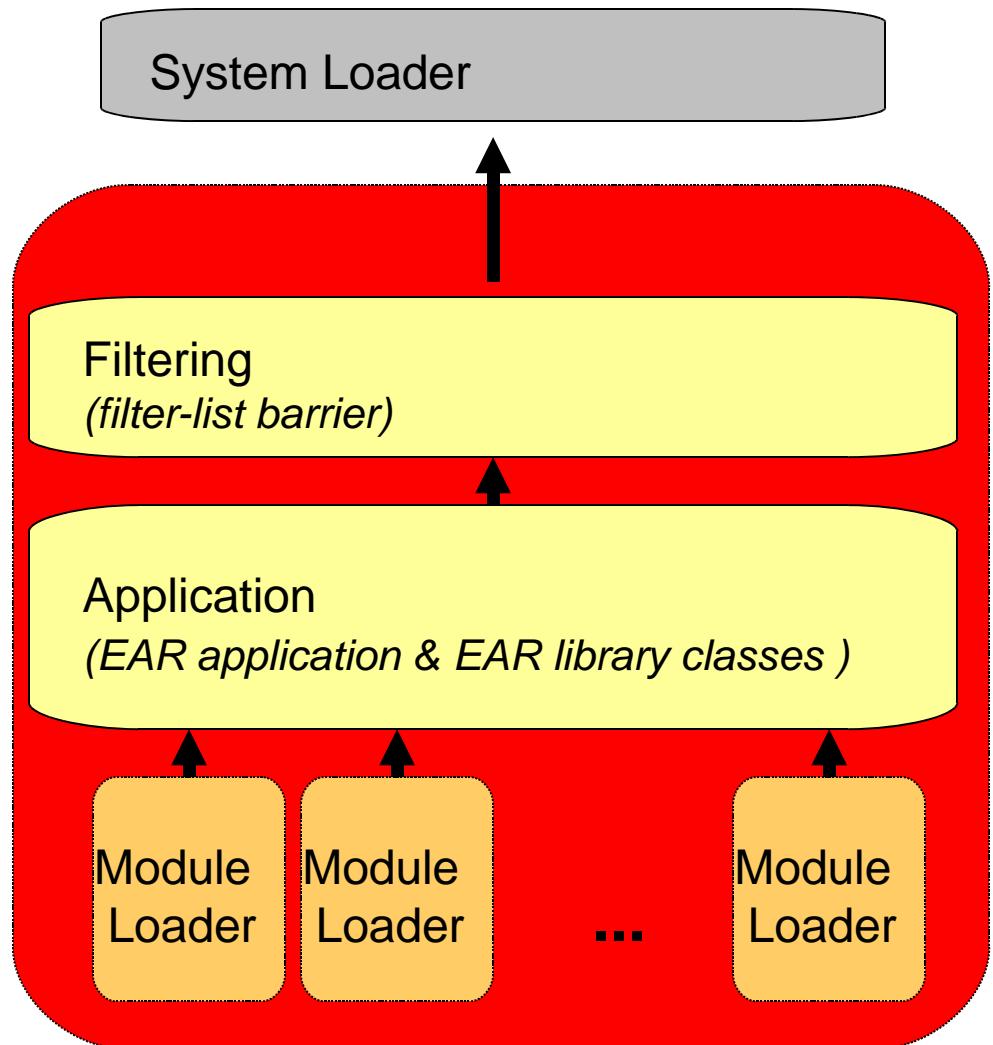
# Web-App Shared Libraries



# Filtering Classloader

- Enables classes to be loaded from an application supplied library first
  - Changes the delegation model from parent to child first
  - Works as a barrier to prevent parent from supplying class
  - Does not load classes itself
- Useful in scenarios where application needs to use a different version of a framework that is already bundled with the server
  - Xerces, Spring, Ant, Commons-Logging, etc.

## Filtering Classloader Hierarchy



- *Filtering classloader sits between Application and System classloaders*
- *Does not load classes itself*
- *Prevents classes from being loaded from system if they match the filter-list*
- *Returns **ClassNotFoundException** from the parent so child assumes loading duties*

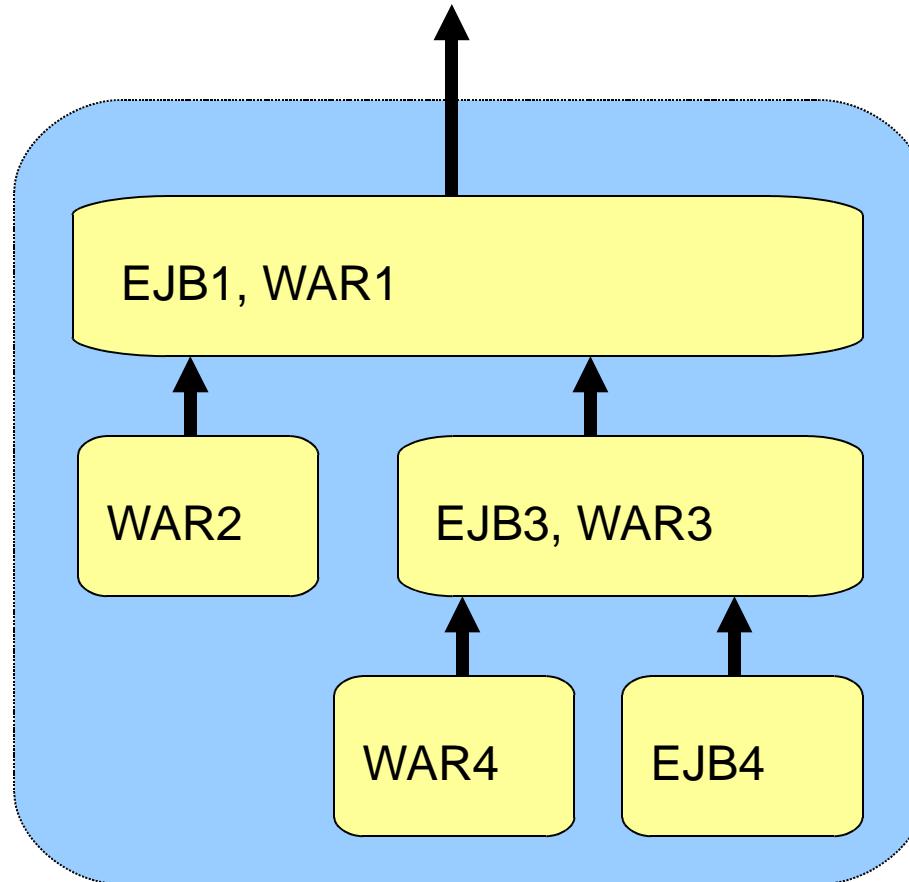
# Filtering Classloader Configuration

- List of packages to load from the application is specified in application level deployment descriptor

```
<weblogic-application>
  ...
  <prefer-application-packages>
    <package-name>org.apache.xerces.*</package-name>
    <package-name>org.apache.commons.*</package-name>
    <package-name>org.apache.log4j.*</package-name>
  </prefer-application-packages>
  ...
</weblogic-application>
```

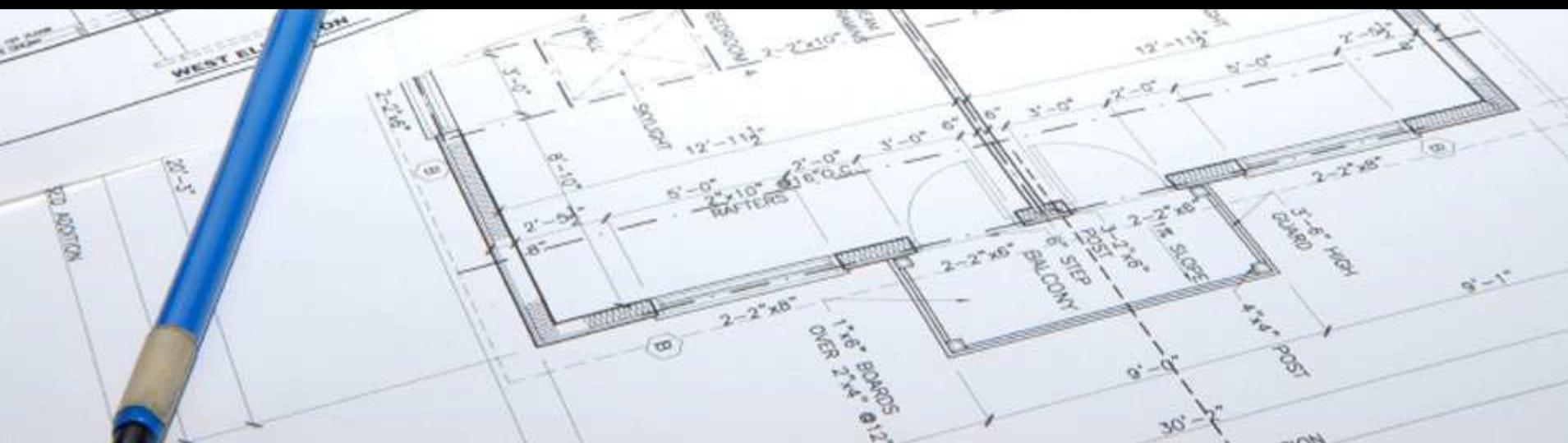
# Custom Classloader Hierarchies

- Custom classloader hierachies can be constructed
  - Change the hierarchy of classloaders in an application(EAR)
  - Control inter-module visibility
- Modules in an EAR can be organized for flexibility in module redeployments
- Specified in weblogic-application.xml using <classloader-structure> element





# #10 Application Logging



# Applications Using `java.util.logging`

- Application level logging using `java.util.logging` is widespread
  - Can configure standard Handlers to handle them from the command line
  - `-Djava.util.logging.config.file`
- WebLogic Server does not automatically handle log messages from application loggers
  - WebLogic Server creates its own Root level logger
- To direct application logs, craft a custom Handler
  - Get reference to WLS server logger and log messages there

# Java Logging Handler for WLS

```
package sab.demo.fastswap.logging;

import java.util.logging.*;

public class WLSServerHandler extends Handler {
    final Logger wlsLogger =
weblogic.logging.LoggingHelper.getServerLogger();

    @Override
    public synchronized void setLevel(java.util.logging.Level newLevel)
        throws SecurityException {
        super.setLevel(newLevel);
    }

    @Override
    public void publish(LogRecord record) {
        // Push record into WLS Server Logger
        wlsLogger.log(record);
    }
}
```

# Configuring Logging Handler

- Configure logging properties in logging.properties file

```
handlers=sab.demo.fastswap.logging.WLSHandler
sab.demo.fastswap.logging.WLSHandler.level=FINER
TestServlet.level=FINER
CalculatorBean.level=FINER
```

## Specify logging.properties file in setDomainEnv.cmd

```
set JAVA_OPTIONS=%JAVA_OPTIONS%
-Djava.util.logging.config.file=d:\bea\user_projects\domains\research\wls-
logging.properties
```

# Console Log Viewer

- Log messages written to server.log of domain
- Tail the log file or view in console

**Server Log**

This page shows you the latest contents of the server log file.

**Server Name:** AdminServer      The server where this log file exists. [More Info...](#)

**Log Name:** ServerLog      Logical name of the log file. [More Info...](#)

[Customize this table](#)

**Server Log Entries(Filtered - More Columns Exist)**

	Date ↗	Subsystem	Severity	User ID	Message ID	Message	
<input type="radio"/>	24/11/2008 02:56:53 PM CST	FastSwap	Info	<anonymous>	BEA-2154001	Starting FastSwap operation on application "fastswap".	<a href="#">View</a>
<input type="radio"/>	24/11/2008 02:56:53 PM CST	FastSwap	Info	<anonymous>	BEA-2154002	Finished FastSwap operation on application "fastswap" with status FINISHED.	<a href="#">View</a>
<input type="radio"/>	24/11/2008 02:56:53 PM CST	TestServlet	Info	<anonymous>	BEA-000000	doGet	<a href="#">View</a>
<input type="radio"/>	24/11/2008 02:57:12 PM CST	netuix	Warning	weblogic	BEA-423420	Redirect is executed in begin or refresh action. Redirect url is /console /console.portal?_nfpb=true&_pageLabel=HomePage1.	<a href="#">View</a>
<input type="radio"/>	24/11/2008 02:57:14 PM CST	Health	Info	<anonymous>	BEA-310002	76% of the total memory in the server is free	<a href="#">View</a>

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# Summary

- WebLogic Server provides many conveniences to developers
- Highly reduced dev and test cycles with FastSwap`
- Easy integration with Ant build environments
- Repeatable dev and test environment creation
- Advanced and highly configurable class loader options

# More Resources

- [http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12840\\_01/wls/docs103/api.html](http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12840_01/wls/docs103/api.html)
- [http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12840\\_01/wls/docs103/programming/index.html](http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12840_01/wls/docs103/programming/index.html)
- [http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12840\\_01/wls/docs103/programming/splitcreate.html](http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12840_01/wls/docs103/programming/splitcreate.html)
- [http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12840\\_01/wls/docs103/config\\_scripting/index.html](http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12840_01/wls/docs103/config_scripting/index.html)